

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K/A

AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO
CURRENT REPORT

PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported) September 18, 2003

FLEXSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC.
(EXACT NAME OF REGISTRANT AS SPECIFIED IN ITS CHARTER)

MINNESOTA	0-5151	42-0442319
(STATE OR OTHER JURISDICTION OF INCORPORATION)	(COMMISSION FILE NUMBER)	(IRS EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NO.)

P. O. BOX 877, DUBUQUE, IA	52004-0877
(ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICES)	(ZIP CODE)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code 563-556-7730

Not applicable.

(FORMER NAME OR FORMER ADDRESS, IF CHANGED SINCE LAST REPORT.)

1

The registrant hereby amends its Current Report on Form 8-K filed with Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on October 2, 2003, as amended by Amendment No. 1 filed with the Commission on October 2, 2003, to include the financial and other information set forth below:

Item 7. Financial Statements and Exhibits

(a) Financial statements of business acquired.

The audited consolidated balance sheets of DMI Furniture, Inc. as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, and the related audited consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related independent auditors' report are included on pages 4 through 21.

(b) Pro forma financial information.

The unaudited pro forma combined condensed consolidated balance sheet of Flexsteel Industries, Inc. as of June 30, 2003 and the unaudited pro forma combined condensed consolidated statement of operations for the year ended June 30, 2003 are included on pages 22 through 26.

(c) Exhibits

Exhibit	Description of Document
-----	-----
23	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP

2

INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Consolidated balance sheets of DMI Furniture, Inc. as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended.

Independent auditors' report	4
Consolidated balance sheets	5
Consolidated statements of operations	6
Consolidated statements of stockholders' equity	7
Consolidated statements of cash flows	8
Notes to consolidated financial statements	9

INDEX TO PRO FORMA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Pro forma Combined Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of Flexsteel Industries, Inc. (unaudited).

Pro forma combined condensed consolidated balance sheet as of June 30, 2003	23
Pro forma combined condensed consolidated statement of operations for the year ended June 30, 2003	24
Notes to pro forma combined condensed consolidated financial information	25

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders of DMI Furniture, Inc.
Louisville, Kentucky

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of DMI Furniture, Inc. and subsidiary (the Company) as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, and the related consolidated statements of operations, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended August 30, 2003. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of DMI Furniture, Inc. and subsidiary as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended August 30, 2003, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2, effective September 18, 2003, the Company was sold pursuant to a purchase agreement dated August 12, 2003.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Louisville, Kentucky
October 28, 2003

DMI FURNITURE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except share data)

	August 30, 2003	August 31, 2002
	-----	-----
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash	\$ 219	\$ 169
Accounts receivable (net of allowances):		
August 30, 2003, \$202;		
August 31, 2002, \$200	14,768	17,530
Inventories	27,446	17,477
Other current assets	615	447
Deferred income taxes	1,575	1,058
	-----	-----
Total current assets	44,623	36,681
PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT, at cost:		
Land	655	655
Buildings and improvements	8,821	8,815
Machinery and equipment	7,563	7,404
Leasehold improvements	1,365	513
Assets held for disposition	63	377
Construction in progress	5	45
	-----	-----
	18,472	17,809
Less accumulated depreciation	9,532	8,920
	-----	-----
Net property, plant and equipment	8,940	8,889
OTHER ASSETS	296	797
	-----	-----
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 53,859	\$ 46,367
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Trade accounts payable	\$ 3,223	\$ 4,813
Accrued liabilities	5,619	3,007
Long-term debt due within one year	1,025	930
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	9,867	8,750
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:		
Long-term debt	24,758	19,391
Accrued pension costs	855	963
Deferred compensation	29	70
Deferred income taxes	93	20
Other long-term liabilities	374	584
	-----	-----
Total long-term liabilities	26,109	21,028
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock - \$0.10 par value; authorized 9,600,000 shares;		
outstanding August 30, 2003, 4,307,786 shares;		
outstanding August 31, 2002, 4,280,378 shares	431	428
Additional paid-in capital	17,148	17,090
Retained earnings (deficit)	1,583	(170)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(1,279)	(759)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' equity	17,883	16,589
	-----	-----
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 53,859	\$ 46,367
	=====	=====

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DMI FURNITURE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except amounts per share)

	YEARS ENDED		
	August 30, 2003	August 31, 2002	September 1, 2001
NET SALES	\$ 102,731	\$ 100,856	\$ 106,328
COST OF SALES	82,984	83,762	87,881
COST OF SALES - RESTRUCTURING			575
GROSS PROFIT	19,747	17,094	17,872
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE RESTRUCTURING CHARGES	15,136	13,661	14,173
			120
OPERATING INCOME	4,611	3,433	3,579
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):			
Interest expense	(1,841)	(1,583)	(2,073)
Other income (expense)	(27)	(16)	43
Total	(1,868)	(1,599)	(2,030)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	2,743	1,834	1,549
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	(990)	(479)	(674)
NET INCOME	\$ 1,753	\$ 1,355	\$ 875
AVERAGE COMMON AND EQUIVALENT SHARES OUTSTANDING:			
BASIC	4,293	4,279	4,221
DILUTED	4,398	4,337	4,365
EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:			
BASIC	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.21
DILUTED	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.20

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DMI FURNITURE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (2)
(In thousands)

	Common Stock	Number of Common Shares Outstanding	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)(3)	Total
Balances at September 2, 2000.....	\$413	4,132	\$16,753	\$(2,400)	\$	\$14,766
Net income.....				875		875
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle (1).....					194	194
Other comprehensive income:						
Change in interest rate derivative, net of tax.....					(306)	(306)
Adjust minimum pension liability, net of tax.....					(303)	(303)
Issuance of common stock.....	13	131	313			326
Balances at September 1, 2001.....	426	4,263	17,066	(1,525)	(415)	15,552
Net income.....				1,355		1,355
Other comprehensive income:						
Change in interest rate derivative, net of tax.....					(238)	(238)
Adjust minimum pension liability, net of tax.....					(106)	(106)
Issuance of common stock.....	2	17	24			26
Balances at August 31, 2002.....	428	4,280	17,090	(170)	(759)	16,589
Net income.....				1,753		1,753
Other comprehensive income:						
Change in interest rate derivative, net of tax.....					118	118
Adjust minimum pension liability, net of tax.....					(638)	(638)
Issuance of common stock.....	3	28	58			61
Balances at August 30, 2003.....	\$431	4,308	\$17,148	\$ 1,583	\$ (1,279)	\$17,883

- (1) Adoption of SFAS No. 133 "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities"
- (2) Total comprehensive income was \$1,233, \$1,011 and \$460 for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.
- (3) The components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax, were as follows:
- o August 30, 2003 - Interest rate derivative (\$232) and minimum pension liability (\$1,047)
 - o August 31, 2002 - Interest rate derivative (\$350) and minimum pension liability (\$409)
 - o September 1, 2001 - Interest rate derivative (\$112) and minimum pension liability (\$303)

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

DMI FURNITURE, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(In Thousands)

	YEARS ENDED		
	August 30, 2003	August 31, 2002	September 1, 2001
Cash flows provided (used) by operating activities:			
Net income	\$ 1,753	\$ 1,355	\$ 875
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	1,022	875	986
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	14		(14)
Deferred income taxes	(583)	209	(174)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	2,762	(666)	1,027
Inventories	(9,969)	168	3,166
Other assets	333	(217)	(474)
Trade accounts payable	(1,590)	2,025	(789)
Accrued liabilities	2,045	(164)	(915)
Accrued pension costs	(108)	220	743
Deferred compensation	(41)	(47)	(59)
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	(4,362)	3,758	4,372
Cash flows provided (used) by investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(1,014)	(406)	(566)
Proceeds from the disposal of property, plant and equipment	107		14
Net cash used by investing activities	(907)	(406)	(552)
Cash flows provided (used) by financing activities:			
Borrowings from line-of-credit	18,308	30,100	25,800
Payments on line-of-credit	(14,008)	(32,900)	(28,350)
Borrowings on long-term debt	2,067		
Payments on long-term debt	(1,085)	(900)	(1,430)
Proceeds from stock options exercised	37		
Net cash provided (used) in financing activities	5,319	(3,700)	(3,980)
Increase (decrease) in cash	50	(348)	(160)
Cash - beginning of period	169	517	677
Cash - end of period	\$ 219	\$ 169	\$ 517
Cash paid for:			
Interest	\$ 1,674	\$ 1,609	\$ 2,118
Income taxes	\$ 635	\$ 126	\$ 1,243
Non-cash items:			
Minimum pension liability (net of tax)	\$ 638	\$ 64	\$ 200
Interest rate derivatives (net of tax)	\$ (118)	\$ 283	\$ 75
Stock grants, previously expensed	\$ 24	\$ 26	\$ 326
Assets acquired under capital lease	\$ 180		

See accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Company - The consolidated financial statements include DMI Furniture, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiary, DMI Management, Inc. (DMI or Company). All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated. DMI Furniture, Inc. operates in one industry - the Company manufactures, imports, and sells residential, home office, and commercial office furniture. The Company has more than one operating segment which are aggregated into one reportable segment, in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement No. 131, "Disclosures About Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information." Its principal distribution channels are multi-market furniture retailers, distributors, independent retailers, catalogers, and warehouse clubs located primarily throughout the United States.

Accounting Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Inventories - Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Depreciation - Depreciation is provided on the basis of estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment, using the straight-line method. The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows: Building and leasehold improvements, 8-35 years; and machinery and equipment, 3-15 years.

Income Taxes - The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities based upon the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. (See Note 8 for additional information.)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - For purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an initial maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase to be cash equivalents.

Advertising - The Company expenses advertising-type costs as incurred as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on the accompanying statements of operations. Advertising expense was approximately \$1,565,000, \$1,492,000 and \$1,482,000 in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Long-Lived Assets - Long-lived assets and intangibles are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the assets to the expected future net cash flows generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. The Company has not recorded an impairment loss in the accompanying statements of operations relating to long-lived assets or intangible assets under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Nos. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," and 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets."

Revenue Recognition - The Company recognizes sales of its products when the products are shipped to customers and title passes.

Shipping and Handling Costs - The Company reflects revenue received from shipping and handling fees in net sales in accordance with Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) 00-10, "Accounting for Shipping and Handling Fees and Costs." The Company records shipping and handling costs in cost of sales.

Stock-Based Compensation - The Company has elected to follow Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued To Employees" (APB 25) in accounting for its employee stock options because the alternative fair value accounting provided for under FASB Statement No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," requires use of option valuation models that were not developed for use in valuing employee stock options. Under APB 25, because the exercise price of the Company's employee stock options equals the market price of the underlying stock on the date of grant, no compensation expense is recognized.

Had compensation cost for all option grants to employees and directors been determined consistent with FASB Statement No. 123, the Company's net income and earnings per share would have been affected as follows. Because the method of accounting required by FASB No. 123 has not been applied to options granted prior to January 1, 1995, the resulting pro forma compensation cost may not be representative of that to be expected in future years.

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	2003	2002	2001
	-----	-----	-----
NET INCOME:			
As reported.....	\$1,753	\$1,355	\$ 875
Compensation expense related to stock option plans determined using fair value method.....	43	50	145
	-----	-----	-----
Pro forma.....	1,710	1,305	730
	=====	=====	=====
DILUTED EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:			
As reported.....	0.40	0.31	0.20
Compensation expense related to stock option plans determined using fair value method.....	0.01	0.01	0.03
	-----	-----	-----
Pro forma.....	\$ 0.39	\$ 0.30	\$0.17
	=====	=====	=====

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Standards - In June 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 142 "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets" and Statement No. 143, "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." In August 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets." In April 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 145, "Rescission of FASB Statements No. 4, 44 and 64, Amendment of FASB Statement No. 13 and Technical Corrections." In June 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 146, "Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities." The Company's adoption of these statements on September 1, 2002 did not have an effect on its results of operations or financial position of the Company.

In December 2002, the FASB issued Statement No. 148, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation -- Transition and Disclosure, an amendment of FASB Statement No. 123." In November 2002, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. (FIN) 45, "Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others." The Company's adoption of these statements did not have a material effect on its results of operations or financial position.

In January 2003, the FASB issued FIN 46, "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." In June 2003, the FASB issued Statement No. 149, "Amendments of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." The statement is effective for contracts entered into or modified after June 30, 2003. The Company does not believe the adoption of these statements will have a material effect on the results of operations or financial position of the Company.

In June 2003, the FASB issued Statement No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of Both Liabilities and Equity." The statement is effective for financial instruments entered into or modified after May 31, 2003, and otherwise is effective at the beginning of the first interim period beginning after December 15, 2003. The Company does not believe the adoption of this statement will have a material effect on the results of operations or financial position of the Company.

Reclassifications - Certain reclassifications have been made to the August 31, 2002 and September 1, 2001 financial statements to conform to the August 30, 2003 classifications. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported operations.

2. Subsequent Events

On August 12, 2003, the Company and Churchill Acquisition Corporation (Purchaser), a wholly owned subsidiary of Flexsteel Industries, Inc., entered into an agreement for Purchaser to make a cash tender offer to acquire all shares of the issued and outstanding shares, par value \$0.10 per share, of the Company for \$3.30 per share, net to the seller in cash.

On August 20, 2003 the Purchaser filed the Tender Offer Statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission, which expired on September 17, 2003 unless otherwise extended. On September 17, 2003 the Purchaser had received approximately 90% of the shares validly tendered and commenced a subsequent offering period, until September 30, 2003 to allow option holders to exercise and tender their options shares and allow any remaining stockholders additional time to tender their shares.

Beginning September 18, 2003, the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of Flexsteel Industries Inc. and began reporting its results of operations as part of Flexsteel Industries, Inc.

On October 1, 2003 the Company merged into Churchill Acquisition Corporation and Churchill Acquisition Corporation changed its name to DMI Furniture, Inc.

3. Long-term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Capital lease obligations due November 2003	\$ 25	
Economic development revenue bonds; payable October 2003; weekly adjustable coupon rate; 1.1% at August 30, 2003	2,230	\$ 2,230
Economic development revenue bonds; payable May 2004; weekly adjustable coupon rate; 1.1% at August 30, 2003	2,020	2,020
Reducing revolving loan with monthly principal installments of \$83,334; through March 1, 2006; interest rate at prime +.5% or LIBOR+3%; 4.1% at August 30, 2003	2,608	1,471
\$28,000,000 Revolving Loan; expires March 1, 2006; interest rate at prime +.5% or LIBOR+3%; 4.1% at August 30, 2003	18,900	14,600
	-----	-----
Total outstanding under credit facility	25,783	20,321
Less portion due within one-year	1,025	930
	-----	-----
Long-term debt	\$24,758	\$19,391
	=====	=====

With respect to the reducing revolver loan and revolving loan above, the Company has the option of borrowing based on prime rate + .5% or London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) + 3.0%. As of August 30, 2003, \$18.9 million of the revolving note and \$2.6 million of the reducing revolver loan were LIBOR priced.

Substantially all assets are pledged to collateralize long-term debt. On August 30, 2003, the Company had \$1.5 million available under the formula for calculating its available borrowings.

With respect to the Economic Development Revenue Bonds (Bonds), the Company has the option to establish the Bonds' interest rate form (variable or fixed interest rate). When the Bonds are in the variable rate form, or at the end of a fixed interest rate period, the Bondholders reserve the right to demand payment on the Bonds. If any of the Bondholders exercise their rights, a remarketing agent is responsible for remarketing the Bonds on a best efforts basis for not less than the outstanding principal and accrued interest. If the Bonds cannot be remarketed, the lender is committed to providing financing for up to 372 days. As a result of these written commitments, the Bonds are classified as long-term debt in the accompanying balance sheet.

The Company's bank financing agreement contains restrictive covenants that require the Company, among other things, to maintain a fixed charge ratio, tangible net worth, ratio of total funded debt to EBITDA and limitations on the total capital expenditures, all as defined in the bank financing agreement. The financing agreement restricts the Company from, without prior written consent, redeeming or purchasing any of its outstanding capital stock; acquiring, merging or consolidating with any other business and paying dividends. As of August 30, 2003 the Company was not in compliance with the leverage ratio and capital expenditure covenants. On October 17, 2003 the Company's lenders waived the defaults under the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated August 4, 2003.

The aggregate maturities of long-term debt, after the restructuring discussed above, for the next fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

2004	\$ 1,025
2005	1,000
2006	23,758

	\$25,783
	=====

4. Lease Commitments

The Company leases certain of its facilities and equipment under operating leases. The leases generally require the Company to pay taxes, insurance, maintenance and utilities. Some of the leases contain renewal options.

Future minimum lease payments at August 30, 2003 under these leases for fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

2004	\$ 1,392
2005	1,037
2006	637
2007	468

	\$ 3,534
	=====

Rent expense under operating leases charged to operations during fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 was approximately \$1,050,000, \$1,250,000 and \$1,038,000, respectively.

5. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company has entered into individual employment agreements with certain of its officers, which expire at various times through August 31, 2004. Certain of these agreements provide for lump sum payments in the event employment is terminated as a result of a change in ownership of the Company as defined in the agreements.

The Company is subject to various environmental laws of federal, state and local governments. Compliance by the Company with existing laws has not had a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. However, the Company cannot predict the impact of new or changed laws or regulations on its current properties or on properties that it may acquire in the future.

The Company does not believe there is any litigation threatened against the Company, other than routine litigation arising out of the ordinary course of business, which is not expected to have a material effect on the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the Company.

6. Stock Options

Stock options granted prior to February 22, 1994 were granted pursuant to the Amended Employee Incentive Stock Option Plan approved by stockholders in February 1989. In February 1994, the stockholders approved the 1993 Long Term Incentive Stock Plan For Employees under which the Company is authorized to issue options to selected key employees to acquire a maximum of 600,000 shares of its common stock in addition to option shares outstanding at the time of its adoption. On February 15, 2000, the maximum shares of common stock allowed to be issued were increased to 800,000 shares for the 1993 Long Term Incentive Stock Plan for Employees. The option price cannot be less than 100% of the fair market value of the stock at date of grant for Incentive Stock Options (or 110% for a 10% beneficial owner), and not less than 50% of the fair market value at date of grant for Non-Qualified Stock Options. Options vest at the cumulative rate of 33%, 67%, and 100% on the first three anniversaries of the date of grant and expire ten years from date of grant. A summary of the option transactions during the three years ended August 30, 2003 follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2003		2002		2001	
	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year..	938	\$2.03	1,010	\$2.05	927	\$1.98
Granted.....					91	2.75
Exercised.....	(5)	1.38				
Expired.....	(192)	2.00	(72)	2.38	(8)	2.00
Outstanding at end of year.....	741	2.00	938	2.03	1,010	2.05
Exercisable at end of year.....	741	\$2.00	881	\$1.98	911	\$1.97
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during year....						\$1.48

Exercise prices for options outstanding as of August 30, 2003 ranged from \$1.38 to \$3.63. The weighted-average remaining contractual life of those options is 3.4 years. Included in the above option table are non-qualified options for 366,724 shares of common stock for \$1.38 to \$2.50 per share to certain employees/directors, which have a total option price of approximately \$652,000. The options are immediately exercisable for up to ten years after the date of grant.

The Company has a stock option plan under which the Company is authorized to issue options to non-employee directors to acquire a maximum of 160,000 shares of its common stock for options granted prior to March 15, 1998. A new plan was adopted effective March 15, 1998 authorizing the Company to issue options to non-employee directors to acquire a maximum of 100,000 shares of its common stock. The option price is the closing bid price for shares on NASDAQ on the date of grant. Options vest at the cumulative rate of 50% and 100% on the first two anniversaries of the date of grant and expire ten years from date of grant. A summary of the option transactions during the three years ended August 30, 2003 follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

	2003		2002		2001	
	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at beginning of year..	59	\$2.69	56	\$2.75	48	\$2.85
Granted.....	9	1.78	6	1.59	9	2.00
Exercised.....	(9)	1.86	(1)	1.38		
Expired.....	(3)	2.88	(2)	1.38	(1)	1.19
Outstanding at end of year.....	56	2.67	59	2.69	56	2.75
Exercisable at end of year.....	56	\$2.67	46	\$2.88	38	\$2.84
Weighted-average fair value of options granted during year....		\$1.78		\$1.59		\$2.00

Exercise prices for options outstanding as of August 30, 2003 ranged from \$1.56 to \$4.00. The weighted-average remaining contractual life of those options is 6.3 years.

The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted-average assumptions used for grants in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001: expected volatility of 46% for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively; risk-free interest rate of 3%, 2% and 5% for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively; expected lives for options of 7 years; and expected dividend yield of zero percent based on the Company's history of no dividend payments on common stock.

7. Pension Plans

The Company has a defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all hourly employees. Retirement benefits are based on years of credited service multiplied by a dollar amount negotiated under collective bargaining agreements. The Company's policy is to fund normal costs and amortization of prior service costs at a level that is equal to or greater than the minimum required under ERISA.

Net pension costs for the defined benefit plan in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 were computed as follows (in thousands):

	2003	2002	2001
	-----	-----	-----
Service cost-benefits earned.....	\$ 38	\$ 57	\$ 49
Interest costs of projected benefit obligation.....	244	244	239
Expected return on plan assets.....	(227)	(241)	(261)
Amortization of transition obligation..	10	10	10
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost.....	17	17	15
Recognized actuarial (gain) loss.....	42	15	(1)
	-----	-----	-----
Net pension expense.....	\$ 124	\$ 102	\$ 51
	=====	=====	=====

The funded status of the defined benefit plan at August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 is shown below (in thousands):

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Change in benefit obligation:		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year.....	\$ 3,592	\$ 3,643
Service cost.....	38	57
Interest cost.....	244	245
Benefits paid.....	(239)	(304)
Actuarial (gain) loss.....	298	(73)
Plan amendments.....	-----	24
	-----	-----
Benefit obligation at end of year.....	\$ 3,933	\$ 3,592
	=====	=====
	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Change in plan assets:		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year..	\$ 2,628	\$ 2,900
Actual gain (loss) on plan assets.....	286	(218)
Employer contributions.....	403	250
Benefits paid.....	(239)	(304)
	-----	-----
Fair value of plan assets at end of year.....	\$ 3,078	\$ 2,628
	=====	=====
	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Reconciliation of funded status:		
Funded status.....	\$ (855)	\$ (963)
Unrecognized actuarial (gain) loss.....	1,275	1,078
Unrecognized transition (asset) obligation.....	69	79
Unrecognized prior service cost.....	185	202
	-----	-----
Net amount recognized at year-end.....	\$ 674	\$ 396
	=====	=====

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Amounts recognized in the statement of financial position consist of:		
Prepaid benefit cost.....	\$	\$ 396
Accrued benefit liability.....	(855)	(963)
Intangible asset.....	254	281
Accumulated other comprehensive income.....	1,275	682
	-----	-----
Net amount recognized at year end.....	\$ 674	\$ 396
	=====	=====
Other comprehensive income attributable to change in additional minimum liability recognition.....	197	223

Weighted-average assumption as of:	August 30, 2003	August 31, 2002
-----	-----	-----
Discount rate.....	6.50%	7.00%
Expected long-term rate of return on plan assets..	8.25%	8.25%

The Company has defined contribution 401(k) retirement plans for salaried and hourly personnel. Costs charged to operations in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 for these plans were approximately \$121,000, \$162,000 and \$179,000, respectively.

The Company had a non-qualified deferred compensation plan that was terminated for all non-retired executive participants during fiscal 1989. The present value of future payments under the plan accrued at August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 was approximately \$29,000 and \$70,000, respectively.

8. Income Taxes

The tax effect of each temporary basis difference and carryforward that gives rise to significant deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 was as follows (in thousands):

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Accumulated tax depreciation of property and equipment in excess of book depreciation....	\$ (427)	\$ (457)
Net operating loss carryforward.....	57	101
Various accruals and reserves.....	1,540	1,181
Inventory.....	312	210
Other.....		3
	-----	-----
Net deferred tax asset.....	\$1,482	\$1,038
	=====	=====

A valuation allowance is provided when it is more likely than not that some portion of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. Management believes the existing net deductible temporary differences will reverse during the periods in which the Company generates net taxable income. Based on this belief and the Company's historical and current pre-tax earnings as well as its expectations for the future, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize its deferred tax assets. As a result, no valuation allowance was required as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002. Further, except for the effects of the reversal of net deductible temporary differences, the Company is not currently aware of any factors that would cause significant differences between taxable income and pre-tax book income in future years.

Income tax expense in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 consisted of the following (in thousands):

	2003	2002	2001
	-----	-----	-----
Currently payable, federal.....	\$1,509	\$216	\$ 848
Currently payable, state.....	64	54	
Deferred.....	(583)	209	(174)
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 990	\$479	\$ 674
	=====	=====	=====

The deferred tax provision excludes the impact of deferred taxes associated with the minimum pension liability. The minimum pension liability is charged directly to equity net of tax.

The provision for income taxes in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001 differed from that computed at the federal statutory corporate tax rate as follows (in thousands):

	2003	2002	2001
	-----	-----	-----
Tax at 34% statutory rate.....	\$ 969	\$ 642	\$527
State income taxes (net of federal benefit)...		35	105
Other.....	21	(198)	42
	-----	-----	-----
	\$ 990	\$ 479	\$674
	=====	=====	=====

9. Other Information

INVENTORIES - Inventories at August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 were as follows (in thousands):

	2003	2002
	-----	-----
Finished products.....	\$22,558	\$14,669
Work in process.....	377	428
Raw materials.....	4,511	2,380
	-----	-----
	\$27,446	\$17,477
	=====	=====

ACCRUED LIABILITIES - Accrued liabilities at August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 were as follows (in thousands):

Description	2003	2002
Property, payroll and other taxes.....	\$1,998	\$ 886
Payroll, bonuses and commissions.....	2,590	1,802
Legal & professional.....	508	110
Interest.....	127	64
Other.....	396	145
	-----	-----
	\$5,619	\$3,007
	=====	=====

10. Major Customers and Sources of Supply

The Company's five largest customers accounted for approximately 29%, 30% and 44% of the Company's total sales in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. One customer accounted for approximately 11%, 15% and 28% of the Company's total net sales in fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The loss of one or more of these customers could have a materially adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations. As of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, one customer accounted for approximately 8% and 13%, respectively, of total accounts receivable. The Company's customers include large furniture chain store retailers, wholesale clubs, catalog retailers, and independent distributors, as well as numerous smaller retailers.

The Company's total sales of imported product were 78%, 74% and 64% for fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. The Company designs the majority of the furniture it purchases from foreign factories and actively participates in the production and quality control process. The Company maintains administrative offices in China and Thailand to manage the quality control, production process and other supply chain functions. The Company maintains small amounts of finished goods inventories in China at a vendor provided warehouse. An unanticipated interruption in the flow of products from one or more of the overseas factories could have a short-term material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations.

11. Plant Closing and Restructuring

During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company committed to discontinue the manufacturing of promotional bedroom furniture during the first quarter of fiscal 2002. The Company believes the decline in aggregate demand for fully assembled promotional bedroom furniture and excess industry capacity prevent this product line from recovering the costs of manufacturing, including the cost of capital. The Company does not anticipate the trend reversing. As a result, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2001, the Company recorded a pre-tax charge of \$775,000 for the expected cost of discontinuing the production of promotionally priced bedroom furniture. The charge included provisions of approximately \$575,000 for reducing certain inventory items to estimated net realizable value. The inventory charge representing a permanent inventory basis reduction was recorded as a separate component of cost of sales. An \$80,000 charge for expected losses relating to uncollectible accounts receivable was charged to bad debt expense, a component of selling, general, and administrative expenses. A \$120,000

charge for severance pay, which is called for under Company policy, relates to the termination of certain salaried and support staff personnel, and was charged to restructuring costs in the statements of operations.

12. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

The Company has interest rate swaps in the notional amount of approximately \$20.7 million and \$14.4 million as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, respectively. The Company utilizes interest rate swaps to hedge against adverse changes in interest rates relative to the Company's variable rate debt. The interest rate swaps are not utilized to take speculative positions. The Company's policies with regards to activities involving derivative instruments were established and those policies along with actual derivative related results are periodically reviewed with the Company's Board of Directors.

In June 1998, the FASB issued Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities". The Company adopted the new Statement effective September 3, 2000 and recorded \$194,000 as a cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle. As a result, the Company has recorded the fair market value of its interest rate swaps as cash flow hedges on its balance sheet and has marked them to fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair market values of the swaps are approximately (\$374,000) and (\$584,000) as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, respectively, and are reflected as other long-term liabilities on the accompanying balance sheet.

13. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The book values of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable are considered to be representative of their respective fair values because of the immediate or short-term maturities of these financial instruments. The fair value of the Company's debt instruments approximated the book value because substantial portions of the underlying instruments are variable rate notes, which re-price frequently. The fair value of the Company's interest rate swaps were a liability of approximately \$374,000 and \$584,000 as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002, respectively (see Note 12).

14. Source and Supply of Labor

The Company employs approximately 240 employees, of whom approximately 99 are covered by a collective bargaining contract, which expires March 31, 2004.

15. Earnings Per Common Share

(In thousands, except earnings per share amounts)

	2003	2002	2001
Net income.....	\$1,753	\$1,355	\$ 875
Average common shares outstanding.....	4,293	4,279	4,221
Common stock equivalents-dilutive options.....	105	58	144
Average shares of common stock and equivalents outstanding.....	4,398	4,337	4,365
Basic earnings per share.....	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.32	\$ 0.21
Diluted earnings per share.....	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.31	\$ 0.20

16. Quarterly Financial Data (unaudited)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

Fiscal 2003	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Year
Net sales.....	\$25,994	\$30,015	\$22,622	\$24,100	\$102,731
Gross profit.....	4,232	5,321	4,715	5,479	19,747
Net income.....	424	748	324	257	1,753
Diluted earnings per common share (1).....	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.40
Fiscal 2002	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Year
Net sales.....	\$25,266	\$22,205	\$25,154	\$28,231	\$100,856
Gross profit.....	4,337	3,724	4,498	4,535	17,094
Net income.....	327	67	373	588	1,355
Diluted earnings per common share (1).....	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.09	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.31

(1) Diluted earnings per common share are calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share are computed independently for each of the quarters presented.

UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following unaudited pro forma combined condensed consolidated financial statements are presented to give effect to the purchase agreement and the acquisition of DMI Furniture, Inc. (DMI) under the purchase method of accounting. The balance sheet assumes that the DMI acquisition had been consummated on June 30, 2003. The statements of operations for the year ended June 30, 2003 assume that the acquisition of DMI had been consummated on July 1, 2002. The pro forma financial statements are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations or the financial position, which would have occurred had the DMI acquisition been consummated at such times, nor are they necessarily indicative of the results of future results of operations or financial position. The allocation of the purchase price of DMI has been determined based upon preliminary estimates and is subject to future adjustment. The unaudited pro forma combined condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the historical consolidated financial statements of Flexsteel Industries, Inc. (Flexsteel) including notes thereto, and the consolidated financial statements of DMI, included herein, including the notes thereto.

FLEXSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC.

PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (UNAUDITED)

JUNE 30, 2003

(In thousands)

	Historical		Pro Forma Adjustments For DMI Acquisition (Note 1)	Pro Forma As Adjusted For DMI Acquisition
	Flexsteel June 30, 2003	DMI August 30, 2003		
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS:				
Cash and cash equivalents.....	\$ 12,811	\$ 219	\$ (12,500)(a)	\$ 530
Investments.....	9,532		(5,737)(a)	3,795
Trade receivables - less allowance for doubtful accounts.....	29,612	14,768	(326)(b)	44,054
Inventories.....	32,473	27,446	(120)(c)	59,799
Deferred income taxes.....	4,070	1,575	808 (d)	6,453
Other.....	1,324	615		1,939
Total current assets.....	89,822	44,623	(17,875)	116,570
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net.....	20,378	8,940	413 (e)	29,731
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES.....	1,560		(151)(d)	1,409
OTHER ASSETS.....	8,940	296	312 (f)	9,548
TOTAL.....	\$ 120,700	\$ 53,859	\$ (17,301)	\$ 157,258
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
CURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable - trade.....	\$ 2,747	\$ 3,223	\$	\$ 5,970
Current portion of long-term debt.....		1,025		1,025
Accrued liabilities:				
Payroll and related items.....	7,565	2,388		9,953
Insurance.....	6,374	182		6,556
Restructuring.....	711			711
Other.....	4,760	3,049	675 (g)	8,484
Total current liabilities.....	22,157	9,867	675	32,699
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES:				
Long-term debt, less current portion.....		24,758		24,758
Accrued pension costs.....		855		855
Deferred income taxes.....		93	(93)(d)	
Other long-term liabilities.....		374		374
Deferred compensation.....	4,790	29		4,819
Total liabilities.....	26,947	35,976	582	63,505
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:				
Common stock.....	6,295	431	(431)(h)	6,295
Additional paid-in capital.....	1,353	17,148	(17,148)(h)	1,353
Retained earnings.....	85,788	1,583	(1,583)(h)	85,788
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)...	317	(1,279)	1,279 (h)	317
Total shareholders' equity.....	93,753	17,883	(17,883)	93,753
TOTAL.....	\$ 120,700	\$ 53,859	\$ (17,301)	\$ 157,258

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma combined condensed consolidated financial statements.

FLEXSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC.
PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2003
(In thousands, except amounts per share)

	Historical		Pro Forma Adjustments For DMI Acquisition (Note 2)	Pro Forma As Adjusted For DMI Acquisition
	Flexsteel June 30, 2003	DMI August 30, 2003		
NET SALES.....	\$ 291,977	\$102,731	\$	\$ 394,708
COST OF GOODS SOLD.....	(226,438)	(82,984)	(22)(i)	(309,444)
GROSS MARGIN.....	65,539	19,747	(22)	85,264
SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE.....	(52,658)	(15,136)	394(j)	(67,400)
GAIN ON SALE OF LAND.....	403			403
OPERATING INCOME.....	13,284	4,611	372	18,267
OTHER:				
Interest and other income (expense).....	1,084	(27)	(752)(k)	305
Interest expense.....	(127)	(1,841)		(1,968)
Total.....	957	(1,868)	(752)	(1,663)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES.....	14,241	2,743	(380)	16,604
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES.....	(5,950)	(990)	148(l)	(6,792)
NET INCOME.....	\$ 8,291	\$ 1,753	\$ (232)	\$ 9,812
AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING:				
BASIC.....	6,255	4,293		6,225
DILUTED.....	6,367	4,398		6,367
EARNINGS PER SHARE OF COMMON STOCK:				
BASIC.....	\$ 1.33	\$ 0.41		\$ 1.58
DILUTED.....	\$ 1.30	\$ 0.40		\$ 1.54

See accompanying notes to unaudited pro forma combined condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED PRO FORMA COMBINED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Pro Forma Balance Sheet Adjustments

On September 18, 2003, Flexsteel Industries, Inc. (Flexsteel) acquired DMI Furniture, Inc. (DMI) in a business combination accounted for as a purchase. Under the merger agreement, the common shareholders of DMI received \$16.7 million in cash in exchange for tendering 5,060,887 common shares to Flexsteel. In addition, Flexsteel incurred acquisition costs of \$2.8 million and assumed debt of \$35.0 million. The following notes explain the pro forma adjustments:

- (a) Adjustment to record the \$16.7 million cash payment to the common shareholders' of DMI and acquisition costs of \$2.8 million offset by \$1.3 million cash received upon the exercise of DMI common stock options. For purposes of the pro forma adjustments, it was assumed that Flexsteel would use all cash available, except for a minimum amount of \$0.5 million necessary for working capital needs. The remaining \$5.7 million was subtracted from investments.
- (b) Adjustment to increase the allowance for doubtful accounts by \$0.3 million to conform DMI's allowance for doubtful accounts to Flexsteel's accounting policies and methodologies.
- (c) Adjustment to reduce finished goods inventory by \$0.1 million to estimated fair value at the acquisition date.
- (d) Adjustment to deferred income taxes to reflect the difference between the book and tax basis of DMI's net assets.
- (e) Adjustment to increase net property, plant, and equipment by \$0.4 million to estimated fair value.
- (f) Adjustment to increase other assets by \$0.6 million to estimated fair value assigned to customer relationships intangible asset and reduce intangible pension plan assets by \$0.3 million.
- (g) Adjustment to increase other liabilities by \$0.7 million for warranty and related costs to conform DMI's warranty reserve to Flexsteel's accounting policies and methodologies.
- (h) Adjustment to record the elimination of the historical equity of DMI including \$0.4 million of common stock, \$17.1 million of additional paid-in-capital, \$1.6 million of retained earnings, and \$(1.3) million of accumulated other comprehensive loss.

Note 2 - Pro Forma Statement of Operations Adjustments

Details of the pro forma adjustments relating to the acquisition and financing are set forth below:

- (i) Adjustment to increase annual depreciation expense by less than \$0.1 million as a result of the increase in the estimated fair value of property, plant, and equipment acquired over its historical book value.
- (j) Adjustment to record additional expense of \$0.1 million for the amortization of customer relationships intangible asset offset by a reduction in expense of \$0.5 million to eliminate acquisition costs incurred by DMI in fiscal 2003 in connection with the acquisition of DMI by Flexsteel.
- (k) Adjustment to decrease interest income by \$0.8 million due to the use of cash and investments in the acquisition of DMI.
- (l) Adjustment to record an income tax benefit for pro forma adjustments using a 39% statutory tax rate.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirement of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

FLEXSTEEL INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Registrant)

Date: November 13, 2003

By: /s/ R. J. Klosterman

R. J. Klosterman
Financial Vice President &
Principal Financial Officer

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit -----	Description of Document -----
23	Consent of Deloitte & Touche LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' CONSENT

We consent to the incorporation by reference in Registration Statements Nos. 33-1836, 33-26267, 333-01413, 333-45768, and 333-105951 of Flexsteel Industries, Inc. on Form S-8 of our report dated October 28, 2003 relating to the consolidated financial statements of DMI Furniture, Inc. and subsidiary as of August 30, 2003 and August 31, 2002 and for each of the three years in the period ended August 30, 2003 (which report expresses an unqualified opinion and includes an explanatory paragraph referring to the sale of DMI Furniture, Inc. and subsidiary pursuant to a purchase agreement dated August 12, 2003) appearing in this Amendment No. 2 to Current Report on Form 8-K/A of Flexsteel Industries, Inc. dated November 13, 2003.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Louisville, Kentucky
November 13, 2003